# Purdue University - Department of Computer Science

# Data Confidentiality and Integrity

Scott A. Carr and Mathias Payer

#### Motivation:

Protect integrity and confidentiality of select data from memory safety vulnerabilities

#### Background:

- Vulnerabilities -> Memory errors
- Complete protection expensive
- SoftBound: 112% for SPEC CPU [1]

#### Insights:

- Not all data critical/sensitive
- Overhead proportional to amount of protected data

#### Idea:

- Programmer decides what is protected
- Annotations in C/C++
- Enforcement: compiler plugin, runtime

## Implementation:

- LLVM Pass
- Runtime library creates and maintains metadata for each protected variable
- Memory regions enforced with SFI

## Case Study – PolarSSL:

- Prototype instruments library
- Passes all tests
- Lower overhead than SoftBound

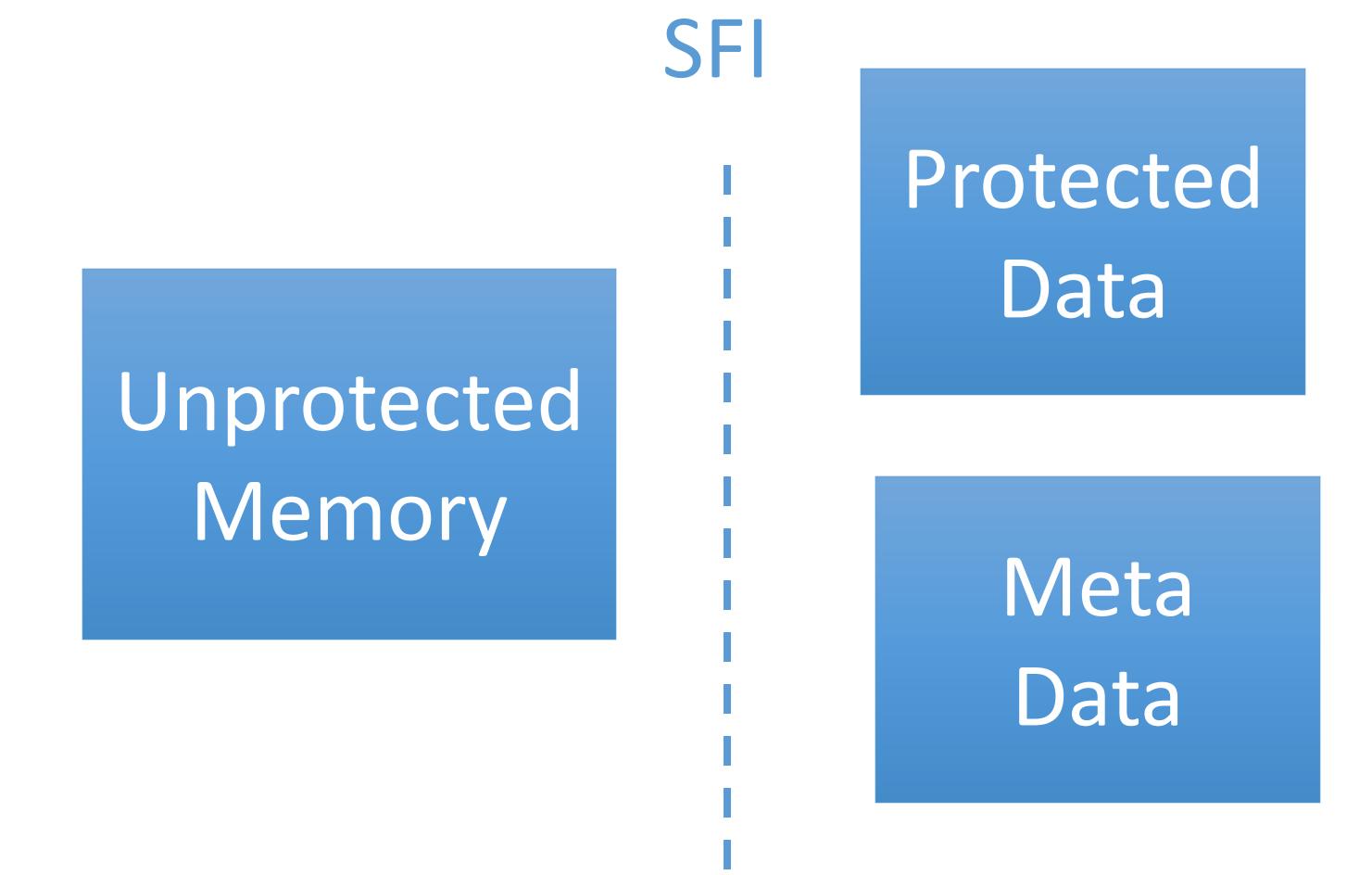
# Ongoing Work:

- Aggressive in-lining and optimization of security checks
- Automatically identify sensitive variables

```
void vulnerable() {
  struct key *secret;
  int cmd[5];
  secret = load_key();
  input(cmd); // vulnerability
}
```

sensitive key \*secret;

	x Slow Down
DCI	7.28
SoftBound	11.4



- SoftBound: Highly Compatible and Complete Spatial Memory Safety for C. Santosh Nagarakatte et al. PLDI 2009
- 2. Code Pointer Integrity. Kuznetsov et. al. OSDI 2014



